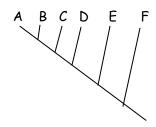
## Quiz: Introduction to Plant Taxonomy

<u>Matchi</u>	ng: Match each of the following	ng with the following	terms
	a. description	c. systematics	e. taxonomy
	b. classification	d. nomenclature	f. identification
2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	determining that an unknown object is identical to an already know object using a dichotomous key to match an organism to another study of plant classification		
<u>Short</u>	Answer:		
1.	Compare and contrast taxonon	ny and systematics.	
2.	Conceptually, a "plant" can be defined in two ways. What are they?		
3.	List at least four characteristics of a plant.		
4.	What is a cladogram?		
5.	Define character and character state		
6.	Give one example of a character and character state		
7.	What is the plural of taxon?		
8.	What is the difference between taxon and rank?		

- 9. What is phylogeny?
- 10. Name the three major domains. Briefly describe the characters that distinguish them. Give examples of each. Draw a cladogram representing the three domains.
- 11. What is monophyletic? Why do taxonomists prefer monophyletic groups?

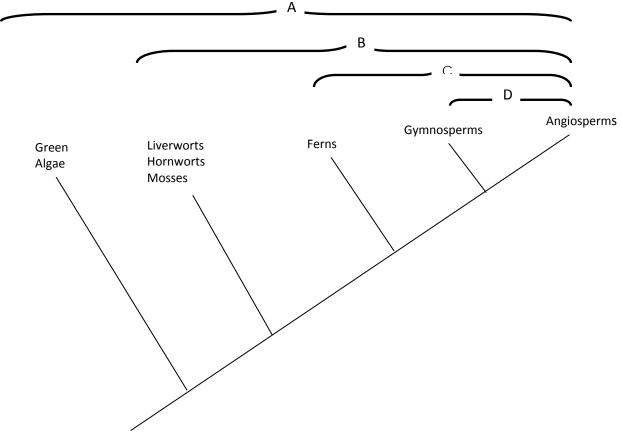
## Cladogram:

- 1. Draw a cladogram below that meets the following criteria/requirements:
  - has five taxa A, B, C, D, E.
  - Taxon A is the sister group to B
  - Taxon C is the sister group to D
  - Taxon E is the sister group to CD
  - Taxon AB is the sister group to CDE
  - Taxon AB is the most ancestral (primitive)
  - Label the following: root, node, clade, speciation event
  - Draw a circle around taxa to create a monophyletic group.
  - Draw a circle around taxa to create a polyphyletic group, a paraphyletic group.
- 2. Given the following cladogram, indicate if the following groups are monophyletic?



1. AB: yes no 2. *AC*: yes no 3. **ABC**: yes no 4. DEF: yes no 5. BCD: yes no 6. CDE: yes no 7. **ABCD**: yes no 8. *ACDF*: yes no 9. ABCDE: yes no 10. ABCDEF: yes no

## **Plant Phylogeny Question:**



The diagram above represents a simplified cladogram. Use this diagram to answer the following questions:

- 1. Which group represents the Tracheophytes? A, B, C or D
- 2. Which group represents the Embryophytes? A, B, C, or D
- 3. Which group represents the Spermatophytes? A, B, C, or D
- 4. Which group represents the Chlorobionta? A, B, C, or D
- 5. Does this cladogram represent the traditional or phylogenetic definition of plants?
- 6. These organisms would be studied by:
  - a. a botanist
- c. both
- b. a plant scientist
- d. neither
- 7. On the cladogram, insert the following apomorphies:
  - cuticle
  - flower
  - chlorophyll a & b
  - chloroplasts
  - seeds
  - independent sporophyte

- vessels
- xylem/phloem
- embryo
- archegonia/antheridia
- wood-secondary xylem